DHV TESTREPORT LTF DHV TESTREPORT EN DATASHEET PRINT





## DHV TESTREPORT EN 926-2:2013+A1:2021

**ZOOM X2C 115 LT** 

Type designation ZOOM X2C 115 LT

Type test reference no DHV GS-01-2920-24

Holder of certification Papesh GmbH

Manufacturer Papesh GmbH

**Classification** C

Winch towing Yes

Number of seats min / max 1/1

**Accelerator** Yes

Trimmers No

BEHAVIOUR AT MIN WEIGHT IN BEHAVIOUR AT MAX WEIGHT IN FLIGHT (117KG)

FLIGHT (95KG)





Mario Eder

No release No release

Inflation/take-off

**Landing** 

Rising behaviour Easy rising, some pilot correction is

required

Easy rising, some pilot correction is required

No

Special landing technique required No

Special take off technique required No

Speeds in straight flight

В Yes

Yes

Trim speed more than 30 km/h Yes Speed range using the controls larger than 10 Yes

Minimum speed Less than 25 km/h

25 km/h to 30 km/h

Dive forward less than 30°

**Control movement** .....

Symmetric control pressure Approximately constant Symmetric control travel 45 cm to 60 cm

Approximately constant 50 cm to 65 cm

Pitch stability exiting accelerated flight

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward less than 30°

No

Collapse occurs No

Collapse occurs No

Pitch stability operating controls during accelerated flight

No

Roll stability and damping

Oscillations Reducing

Reducing

Stability in gentle spirals

Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit

Spontaneous exit

Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive B

Initial response of glider (first 180°) en : keine unmittelbare Reaktion

Tendency to return to straight flight Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)

en : keine unmittelbare Reaktion Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing) Turn angle to recover normal flight Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery

Less than 720°, spontaneous

Rocking back less than 45°

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Rocking back less than 45°

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Entering a turn of less than 90°

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Changing course less than 45°

Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward 30° to 60°

Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°

No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous

Spontaneous re-inflation

No collapse

Less than 45°

Most lines tight

Less than 90°

Less than 360°

Dive forward 30° to 60°

Dive forward 30° to 60°

Dive forward 30° to 60°

Keeping course

Dive forward 0° to 30°

Keeping course

Nο

ves

Nο

yes

ves

Nο

Nο

recovery

Symmetric front collapse

**Entry** Rocking back less than 45° **Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30°

Change of course Keeping course

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used yes

Unaccelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord) C

**Entry** Rocking back less than 45°

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 30° to 60°

Change of course Keeping course

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used yes

Accelerated collapse (at least 50 % chord)

**Entry** Rocking back less than 45° Rocking back less than 45°

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 30° to 60°

Change of course Entering a turn of less than 90°

Cascade occurs No Folding lines used yes

Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)

**Deep stall achieved** Yes **Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 30° to 60°

Change of course Changing course less than 45°

Cascade occurs No

**Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s

Cascade occurs No

Recovery from a developed full stall B

**Dive forward angle on exit** Dive forward 30° to 60°

**Collapse** No collapse

Cascade occurs (other than collapses) No

Rocking back Less than 45° Line tension Most lines tight

Small asymmetric collapse C

Change of course until re-inflation Less than 90°

Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°

Re-inflation behaviour Inflates in less than 3 s from start of

pilot action

Total change of course Less than 360°

Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of collapsed

cells with a spontaneous re inflation)

re inflation) Twist occurs No. Nο

Cascade occurs No No Folding lines used yes yes

Large asymmetric collapse

Change of course until re-inflation 90° to 180°

Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 45° to 60°

Re-inflation behaviour Spontaneous re-inflation

Total change of course Less than 360°

90° to 180°

Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Spontaneous re-inflation

Less than 360°

**Collapse on the opposite side occurs** No (or only a small number of collapsed No (or only a small number of cells with a spontaneous re inflation) collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation) Twist occurs No Nο Cascade occurs No Folding lines used yes ves Small asymmetric collapse accelerated Change of course until re-inflation Less than 90° Less than 90° Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Re-inflation behaviour Inflates in less than 3 s from start of Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action pilot action Total change of course Less than 360° Less than 360° Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of collapsed No (or only a small number of cells with a spontaneous re inflation) collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation) Twist occurs No Nο Cascade occurs No No Folding lines used yes yes Large asymmetric collapse accelerated C Change of course until re-inflation 90° to 180° 90° to 180° Maximum dive forward or roll angle Dive or roll angle 45° to 60° Dive or roll angle 45° to 60° Re-inflation behaviour Inflates in less than 3 s from start of Spontaneous re-inflation pilot action Total change of course Less than 360° Less than 360° Collapse on the opposite side occurs No (or only a small number of collapsed No (or only a small number of cells with a spontaneous re inflation) collapsed cells with a spontaneous re inflation) Twist occurs No No Cascade occurs No No Folding lines used yes ves Directional control with a maintained <u>asymmetric collapse</u> Able to keep course Yes Yes 180° turn away from the collapsed side Yes Yes possible in 10 s Amount of control range between turn and More than 50 % of the symmetric control More than 50 % of the symmetric stall or spin travel control travel Spin occurs No No Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs No. Α Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Stops spinning in less than 90° Stops spinning in less than 90° Cascade occurs No No Not carried out because the manoeuvre is excluded in the user's manual Entry procedure Standard technique Standard technique Behaviour during big ears Stable flight Stable flight **Recovery** Spontaneous in less than 3 s Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s Dive forward angle on exit Dive forward 0° to 30° Dive forward 0° to 30° Big ears in accelerated flight Entry procedure Standard technique Standard technique Behaviour during big ears Stable flight Stable flight

**Recovery** Recovery through pilot action in less than Recovery through pilot action in less

a further 3 s

than a further 3 s

**Dive forward angle on exit** Dive forward 0° to 30°

Dive forward 0° to 30°

Behaviour immediately after releasing the Stable flight

Stable flight

accelerator while maintaining big ears

Alternative means of directional control A

**180° turn achievable in 20 s** Yes **Stall or spin occurs** No

No

Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual

No other flight procedure or configuration described in the user's manual